

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements**Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, its loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially



misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting



Chartered Accountants

and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2019 has been paid / provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:



- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

Kolkata
Dated: May 17, 2019



For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 303086E

Two handwritten signatures in blue ink. The first signature is "P J Bhide" and the second is "Purohit".

(CA P J Bhide)
Partner
Membership Number 004714

Annexure - 1 to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited of even date

- i. (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of fixed assets.
(b) The fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
(c) The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- ii. (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the Management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
(b) The discrepancies noted on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records has been properly dealt with in the books of account and were not material.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (iii)(a) to (iii)(c) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the loans and investments made, and guarantees and security provided by it.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company in respect of products where, pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the maintenance of cost records has been specified under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income-tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, value added tax or cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any financial institution or bank or Government or dues to debenture holders as at the balance sheet date.



- ix. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments but has taken term loans. The term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- xi. The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required under Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



Kolkata
Dated: May 17, 2019

For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 303086E


(CA P J Bhide)

Partner

Membership Number 004714

Annexure - 2 to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

6. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable



assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 303086E



Ph / *P. J. Bhide*

(CA P J Bhide)
Partner
Membership Number 004714

Kolkata
Dated: May 17, 2019

Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
ASSETS			
1) Non-current assets			
a. Property, plant and equipment	2	3,478.68	3,565.63
b. Capital work in progress		6.05	11.40
c. Financial assets			
i. Loans	3	0.25	0.36
Total non-current assets	(A)	3,484.98	3,577.39
2) Current assets			
a. Inventories	4	167.65	53.04
b. Financial assets			
i. Trade receivables	5	396.54	227.32
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	6	13.35	14.05
iii. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	7	9.41	7.58
iv. Loans	8	7.32	5.60
v. Other financial assets	9	7.76	0.91
c. Current tax assets (net)		15.25	7.65
d. Other current assets	10	112.54	92.70
Total current assets	(B)	729.82	408.85
TOTAL ASSETS	(A+B)	4,214.80	3,986.24
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a. Equity share capital	11	2,242.77	2,082.77
b. Other equity	12	(1,819.62)	(1,566.42)
Total Equity	(C)	423.15	516.35
LIABILITIES			
1) Non-current liabilities			
a. Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	13	2,971.93	2,999.08
b. Provisions	14	2.98	2.35
c. Deferred tax liabilities (net)	29	-	-
Total non-current liabilities	(D)	2,974.91	3,001.43
2) Current liabilities			
a. Financial liabilities			
i. Borrowings	15	270.76	325.67
ii. Trade payables	16		
(a) Total outstanding dues to Micro Enterprise & Small Enterprises		8.73	-
(b) Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprise & Small Enterprises		47.26	44.47
iii. Other financial liabilities	17	484.50	94.11
b. Other current liabilities	18	4.50	2.55
c. Provisions	19	0.99	1.66
Total current liabilities	(E)	816.74	468.46
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES	(C+D+E)	4,214.80	3,986.24

Notes 1 - 37 form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our Report of even date.

For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
 Firm Registration Number: 303086E
 Chartered Accountants

CA P. J. Bhide
 Partner
 Membership No.: 004714
 Place: Kolkata
 Date: May 17, 2019



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Whole Time Director

Company Secretary

Chief Financial Officer

Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2019

(₹ in crore)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Notes	2018-19	2017-18
I	Revenue from operations	20	1,162.00	859.27
II	Other income	21	19.37	36.88
III	Total income (I)+(II)		1,181.37	896.15
IV	Expenses			
	Cost of fuel	22	707.98	512.11
	Employee benefit expenses	23	24.42	24.16
	Finance costs	24	358.32	323.49
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	25	100.85	104.20
	Other expenses	26	82.50	130.77
	Total expenses		1,274.07	1,094.73
V	Profit/(loss) before tax (III-IV)		(92.70)	(198.58)
VI	Tax expense	29	-	-
	- Current tax		-	-
	- Deferred tax		-	-
	Total tax expense		-	-
VII	Profit/(loss) for the year (V+VI)		(92.70)	(198.58)
VIII	Other comprehensive income			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		(0.50)	(0.32)
	Income tax on above		-	-
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(0.50)	(0.32)
IX	Total comprehensive income for the year (VII+VIII)		(93.20)	(198.90)
	Earning per equity share	27	₹	₹
	Basic & Diluted (Face value of ₹ 10 per share)		(0.44)	(1.17)

Notes 1 - 37 form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our Report of even date.

For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
 Firm Registration Number: 303086E
 Chartered Accountants

CA P.J.Bhide
 Partner
 Membership No.: UU4/14
 Place: Kolkata
 Date: May 17, 2019



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Whole Time Director

Company Secretary

Chief Financial Officer

Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Statement of Cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2019

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
A. Cash flow from Operating Activities		
Profit/(loss) before Taxation	(92.70)	(198.58)
Adjustments for :		
Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	0.01	0.01
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	100.85	104.20
Gain on sale of current investments (net)	(0.32)	0.00
Finance costs	358.32	323.49
Interest Income	(1.24)	(7.97)
Unwinding of discount on financial instruments	(0.08)	(0.09)
Mark To Market loss on derivative	-	62.61
Foreign exchange rate variation	-	(26.91)
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	364.84	256.76
Adjustments for :		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade & other receivables	(169.22)	(101.74)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(114.61)	19.64
(Increase)/Decrease in other non current assets	(46.22)	(60.00)
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	(0.54)	0.91
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	349.62	(1.54)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	11.52	25.61
Cash Generated from Operations	395.39	139.64
Income Tax paid (net of refund)	0.41	0.01
Net cash flow from Operating Activities	395.80	139.65
B. Cash flow from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment / capital work-in-progress (net)	(8.65)	(29.83)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	0.09	0.02
Sale/(purchase) of current investments (net)	0.32	0.00
Interest received	0.59	7.79
Net cash used in Investing Activities	(7.65)	(22.02)
C. Cash flow from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from long term borrowings (net of re-finance loan)	320.00	58.42
Repayment of long term borrowings	(304.43)	(217.19)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash credit facilities and other short term borrowings	(54.91)	232.84
Finance costs paid	(349.51)	(352.23)
Net Cash flow used in Financing Activities	(388.85)	(278.16)
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0.70)	(160.53)
Cash and Cash equivalents - Opening Balance (Refer Note no. 6)	14.05	174.58
Cash and Cash equivalents - Closing Balance (Refer Note no. 6)	13.35	14.05

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Balances with banks		
- In current accounts	12.63	14.05
-Bank Deposits with original maturity of upto 3 months	0.71	-
Cash on hand	0.01	0.00
Total	13.35	14.05

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	April 1,2018	Cash Flows	Other	March 31,2019
Current Borrowings	325.67	(54.91)	-	270.76
Non- Current Borrowings (Including Current Maturities)	3,131.02	15.57	-	3,146.59
Total liabilities from financing activities	3,456.69	(39.34)	-	3,417.35

This is the Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our Report of even date.

For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
 Firm Registration Number: 303086E
 Chartered Accountants

CA P.J.Bhide
 Partner
 Membership No.: 004714
 Place: Kolkata
 Date: May 17, 2019



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Whole Time Director

Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer

Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2019

a. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in crore)

For financial year ended March 31, 2019

Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period
Equity Shares	2,082.77	160.00	2,242.77

For financial year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period
Equity Shares	1,275.77	807.00	2,082.77

b. Other Equity

For financial year ended March 31, 2019

Particulars	Share application money pending allotment	Reserves and Surplus	Total
		Retained Earnings	
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	160.00	(1,726.42)	(1,566.42)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	(92.70)	(92.70)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	(0.50)	(0.50)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	(93.20)	(93.20)
Allotment of Shares	(160.00)	-	(160.00)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	(1,819.62)	(1,819.62)

For financial year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars	Share application money pending allotment	Reserves and Surplus	Total
		Retained Earnings	
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	967.00	(1,527.52)	(560.52)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	(198.58)	(198.58)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	(0.32)	(0.32)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	(198.90)	(198.90)
Allotment of Shares	(807.00)	-	(807.00)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	160.00	(1,726.42)	(1,566.42)

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our Report of even date.

For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
 Firm Registration Number: 303086E
 Chartered Accountants

PM
P. J. Bhide

CA P.J.Bhide
 Partner
 Membership No.: 004714
 Place: Kolkata
 Date: May 17, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

[Signature]
 Director

[Signature]
 Whole Time Director



[Signature]
 Company Secretary

[Signature]
 Chief Financial Officer

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

Note 1:

A. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I) Accounting Convention

The operations of the Company are governed by the Electricity Act, 2003, as applicable. These financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. These financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 17, 2019.

A summary of important accounting policies which have been applied consistently are set out below.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and all values are rounded to the nearest crore, except otherwise indicated.

II) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India under historical cost convention on accrual basis except for the following:

- a) certain financial assets and liabilities including derivative instruments measured at fair value

III) Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

IV) Property Plant & Equipment

a) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation/ amortisation and accumulated impairment losses if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and appropriate borrowing costs. Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment. These are included in profit or loss within other gains/ losses. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively. An impairment loss is recognized where applicable, when the carrying value of tangible assets exceeds its market value or value in use, whichever is higher.



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

b) Depreciation

Depreciation on items of property, plant and equipment other than freehold land is provided on straight line method based on the useful life as prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Leasehold land is amortized over the unexpired period of the lease. Building constructed over leasehold land are depreciated based on the useful life specified in Schedule II or the lease tenure, whichever is lower.

V) Inventories

Inventories of stores and spares and fuel are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated on weighted average basis and comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are identified at the time of physical verification of inventories and where necessary, adjustment is made for such items.

VI) Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current tax represents the amount payable based on computation of tax as per prevailing taxation laws under the income Tax Act, 1961.

Provision for deferred taxation is made using liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognized subject to the consideration of prudence and are periodically reviewed to reassess realization thereof. Deferred Tax Liability or Asset will give rise to actual tax payable or recoverable at the time of reversal thereof.

VII) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, in banks and demand deposits with banks. Bank overdrafts are shown within current borrowings in the balance sheet.

VIII) Foreign Currency Transactions

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also the functional currency of the Company.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing exchange rate. Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Company's monetary items at the closing rate are recognised as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

Outstanding loans repayable in foreign currency are restated at the year-end exchange rate. Exchange gains and losses arising in respect of such restatement and the impact of the contracts entered into for managing risks thereunder is accounted for as an income or expense.



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

IX) Financial Asset

The financial assets are classified under the following categories:

- a) financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- b) financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss;

The classification of financial assets depends on the Company's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flows.

At initial recognition the financial assets are measured at its fair value.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial instruments measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Financial instruments included within fair value through profit and loss category are measured initially as well as at each reporting period at fair value plus transaction costs as applicable. Fair value movements are recorded in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

X) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

XI) Derivatives

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Gains or losses arising from such fair valuation of derivatives is recognised through Statement of Profit and Loss

XII) Employee Benefits

Contribution to Provident fund is accounted for on accrual basis. Provident fund contributions are made to a fund administered through the Office of The Regional Provident Fund Commissioner, West Bengal. Provisions for Gratuity liability and Leave Encashment liability are made on the basis of actuarial valuation done at the end of the year by independent actuary.

Actuarial gains or losses in respect of gratuity liability are recognized in other comprehensive income and in respect of leave liability, actuarial gain or losses are recognized in Statement of Profit & loss.



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

XIII) Revenue from operations

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue from sale of electricity are net of discount for prompt payment of bills and are accounted for on the basis of billings to the procurer. The said Revenue is recognised as per terms of the Power Purchase Agreement and relevant orders of the concerned Electricity Regulatory Commission on accrual basis and includes unbilled revenue accrued up to the end of the accounting year. The revenue from tariff receivable under Change in Law on account of taxes and duties is recognised for only those items which have been approved by the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission in similar cases.

XIV) Other Income

Income from investments and deposits etc. is accounted for on accrual basis inclusive of related tax deducted at source, where applicable. Delayed payment surcharge is recognized based on applicable agreements with the procurer.

XV) Finance Costs

Finance Costs comprise interest expenses, applicable gain / loss on foreign currency borrowings in appropriate cases and other borrowing costs. Such Finance Costs attributable to acquisition and / or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as a part of cost of such assets up to the date, where such assets are ready for their intended use. The balance Finance Costs is charged off to statement of profit and loss. Finance Costs in case of foreign currency borrowings is accounted for as appropriate, duly considering the impact of the derivative contracts entered into for managing risks thereof. Interest expense arising from financial liabilities is accounted for in effective interest rate method.

XVI) Leases

Leases under which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. When acquired, such assets are capitalised at fair value or present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease, whichever is lower. Lease payments under operating leases are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis in the statement of profit and loss over the lease term except where the lease payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation.

Lease payments under operating leases are recognized as an expense on straight line basis in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease term.

XVII) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

A disclosure for contingent liabilities is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited

CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457

Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754

E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in

Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata – 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT JUDGEMENTS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

Impairment of Trade Receivables: Note no – 5 and Note no – 30 b

Estimates used in Actuarial Valuation of Employee benefits: Note no – 28

C. NEW STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

IND AS 116- Leases

Ind AS 116 Leases was notified in March 2019 and it replaces Ind AS 17 Leases. Ind AS 116 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st April 2019. It sets out the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model similar to the accounting for finance leases under Ind AS 17. Lessor accounting under Ind AS 116 is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under Ind AS 17. Ind AS 116 requires lessees and lessors to make more extensive disclosures than under Ind AS 17. The company is in the process of evaluating the requirement of the standard and its impact on its financial statements.

D. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ind AS 115 was issued on March 28, 2018 and supersedes Ind AS 11 "Construction Contracts" and Ind AS 18 "Revenue" and it applied, with limited exception, to all revenue arising from contract with customers.

The company has adopted Ind AS 115 using the modified retrospective method of adoption with the initial application date of April 1, 2018. However, the application of the standard does not have any impact on the recognition and measurement of revenue and related items.

Several other amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in March 2019, but do not have an impact on the financial statements of the Company. The Company has not early adopted any standards or amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective.



Dharwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dharwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

2. Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Freehold Land	Leasehold land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Railway sidings	Total	Previous Year
Gross carrying value										
At April 1, 2018	23.14	33.17	429.86	3,325.30	2.57	0.66	3.76	59.00	3,877.46	3,848.06
Additions	-	-	5.16	0.79	0.18	-	0.20	7.67	14.00	29.47
Disposals / adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	0.11	-	-	0.11	0.07
Gross carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	23.14	33.17	435.02	3,326.09	2.75	0.55	3.96	66.67	3,891.35	3,877.46
Accumulated depreciation & amortisation										
At April 1, 2018	-	1.11	52.99	241.88	1.01	0.19	2.57	12.08	311.83	207.66
Depreciation & amortisation expense	-	0.37	14.71	80.73	0.38	0.08	0.35	4.23	100.85	104.20
Disposals / adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.03
At March 31, 2019	-	1.48	67.70	322.61	1.39	0.26	2.92	16.31	412.67	311.83
Net carrying value on March 31, 2019	23.14	31.69	367.32	3,003.48	1.36	0.29	1.04	50.36	3,478.68	3,565.63
Net carrying value on March 31, 2018	23.14	32.06	376.87	3,083.42	1.56	0.47	1.19	46.92	3,565.63	

i) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security

Refer note no 13 and 15 for information on property, plant & equipment pledged as security by the company.

ii) Contractual obligations

Refer note no 30a for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant & equipment.

iii) Rate of depreciation/ useful life of property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Rate of Depreciation / Useful Life of Assets
Buildings	3 - 60 Years
Plant and equipment	40 Years
Furniture and fixtures	10 Years
Vehicles	10 Years
Office equipment	5 Years
Railway sidings	15 Years

The lease term in respect of land acquired under finance lease is 95 years which is renewable at the option of the lessor.



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

Non current assets

Financial assets

3. Loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Unsecured - considered good Loans to employees	0.25	0.36
Total	0.25	0.36

Current Assets

4. Inventories

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Stores and Spares (includes goods in transit Nil ; March 31, 2018 - Nil)	34.26	27.70
Fuel (includes goods in transit ₹ 3.46 crore ; March 31, 2018 - ₹ 3.12 crore)	133.39	25.34
Total	167.65	53.04

Financial assets

5. Trade receivables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Unsecured - considered good	396.54	227.32
Total	396.54	227.32

6. Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Balances with banks		
- In current accounts	12.63	14.05
- Bank Deposits with original maturity of upto 3 months	0.71	-
Cash on hand	0.01	0.00
Total	13.35	14.05



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited

CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457

Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754

E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in

Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

7. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Bank Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months and less than 12 months	9.41	7.58
Bank Deposits with original maturity more than 12 months	0.00	0.00
Total	9.41	7.58

8. Loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Unsecured - considered good		
Loans to employees	0.26	0.31
Security deposits	7.06	5.29
Total	7.32	5.60

9. Other financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Interest accrued on bank deposits	1.13	0.48
Receivable towards claims and services rendered	6.63	0.43
Total	7.76	0.91

10. Other current assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Prepaid expenses	9.45	5.42
Other advances (coal, freight, stores , others)	103.09	87.28
Total	112.54	92.70



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

11. Equity share capital

a) Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Authorised 3,000,000,000 (March 31, 2018 :3,000,000,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	3,000.00	3,000.00
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 2,242,768,954 (March 31, 2018 : 2,082,768,954) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	2,242.77	2,082.77
Total	2,242.77	2,082.77

b) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period are as given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period	20827,68,954	2,082.77	12757,68,954	1,275.77
Add: Equity shares issued during the period	1600,00,000	160.00	8070,00,000	807.00
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the period	22427,68,954	2,242.77	20827,68,954	2,082.77

c) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the company the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d) Shares of the company held by holding company and shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2019		As at March 31, 2018	
	No of shares	%	No of shares	%
CESC Limited (Refer Note no. 33a)	22427,68,954	100	20827,68,954	100

e) In the period of five years immediately preceding March 31, 2019, the Company has neither issued bonus shares, bought back any equity shares nor has allotted any equity shares as fully paid up without payment being received in cash.

f) There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts or commitments for the sale of shares or disinvestment.

12. Other equity

a) Retained earnings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Opening balance	(1,726.42)	(1,527.52)
Net profit for the period	(92.70)	(198.58)
Other comprehensive income	(0.50)	(0.32)
Closing balance	(1,819.62)	(1,726.42)

Retained earnings comprise of the Company's prior years' undistributed earnings after taxes and adjustments done on transition to Ind AS.

b) Share Application money pending allotment

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Opening balance	160.00	967.00
Add: Receipt during the year	-	-
Less: Adjusted against shares allotted during the year	160.00	807.00
Closing balance	-	160.00
Total	(1,819.62)	(1,566.42)



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

Non current liabilities

Financial liabilities

13. Non current borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Secured		
Rupee term loans		
i) from banks	2,407.84	2,384.77
ii) from financial institutions	738.75	746.25
	3,146.59	3,131.02
Less: Current maturities of long term borrowings (Refer Note no. 17)	142.00	90.47
Less: Unamortised front end fees	32.66	41.47
Total	2,971.93	2,999.08

Nature of security

1) Out of the total above, ₹ 2,593.56 crore; (March 31, 2018: ₹ 2,699.19 crore) are secured with first charge by way of mortgage/hypothecation of the fixed and current assets of the company including its land, buildings, the construction thereon where exists, plant and machinery etc, loans amounting to ₹ 375.25 crore; (March 31, 2018: ₹ Nil) are secured with second charge on all assets and loans amounting to ₹ 177.78 crore; (March 31, 2018: ₹ 431.82 crore) are secured with subservient charge on all current and movable fixed assets.

2) Major terms of repayment of long term loans disclosed in above are given below:-

Maturity Profile	Balance Outstanding as at March 31, 2019		
	Rupee Term Loan from Banks	Rupee Term Loan from Financial Institutions	Current Maturities
Loans with residual maturity of upto 1 year	-	-	-
Loans with residual maturity between 1 and 3 years	-	-	-
Loans with residual maturity between 3 and 5 years	375.25	-	54.00
Loans with residual maturity between 5 and 10 years	177.78	-	22.24
Loans with residual maturity beyond 10 years	1,854.81	738.75	65.76
Total	2,407.84	738.75	142.00

Interest rates on Rupee Term Loans from Banks and Financial Institutions are based on spread over respective Lenders benchmark rate.
All of the above are repayable in periodic installments over the maturity period of the respective loans.

Maturity Profile	Balance Outstanding as at March 31, 2018		
	Rupee Term Loan from Banks	Rupee Term Loan from Financial Institutions	Current Maturities
Loans with residual maturity of upto 1 year	-	-	-
Loans with residual maturity between 1 and 3 years	-	-	-
Loans with residual maturity between 3 and 5 years	-	-	-
Loans with residual maturity between 5 and 10 years	511.82	-	64.17
Loans with residual maturity beyond 10 years	1,872.95	746.25	26.30
Total	2,384.77	746.25	90.47

Interest rates on Rupee Term Loans from Banks and Financial Institutions are based on spread over respective Lenders benchmark rate.
All of the above are repayable in periodic installments over the maturity period of the respective loans.

14. Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	1.35	1.04
Leave encashment	1.63	1.31
Total	2.98	2.35

Current liabilities

Financial liabilities

15. Current Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Secured		
Loans repayable on demand		
(a) overdraft from banks	145.76	200.67
(b) Short term loan from banks	125.00	125.00
Total	270.76	325.67

Nature of security

Out of the total above, ₹ 145.76 crore; (March 31, 2018 - ₹ 111.02 crore) are secured with first charge by way of mortgage/hypothecation of the fixed and current assets of the company including its land, buildings, the construction thereon where exists, plant and machinery etc, and loans amounting to ₹ Nil; (March 31, 2018 - ₹ 89.65 crore) are secured .by hypothecation of entire current assets and loan amounting to ₹ 125 crore; (March 31, 2018 - ₹ 125 crore) are secured for by second pari pasu charge by hypothecation over entire current assets and movable fixed assets.



Notes forming part of Financial Statements
 16. Trade payables

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Trade payables		
(a) Total outstanding dues to Micro Enterprise & Small Enterprises	8.73	-
(b) Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprise & Small Enterprises	47.26	44.47
Total	55.99	44.47

There is no delay in payments to Micro and Small Enterprises and hence no interest has been accrued/paid.

17. Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (Refer Note no. 13)	142.00	90.47
Liabilities on capital account	4.19	3.34
Payable to fellow subsidiary company	335.00	-
Others	3.31	0.30
Total	484.50	94.11

18. Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Other payables- Statutory dues	4.50	2.55
Total	4.50	2.55

19. Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	0.51	0.93
Leave encashment	0.48	0.73
Total	0.99	1.66



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

20. Revenue from operations

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
a. Earnings from sale of electricity	1,157.69	856.39
b. Other operating revenue		
Others	4.31	2.88
Total	1,162.00	859.27

Earnings from sale of electricity are net of discount for prompt payment of bills amounting to ₹ 11.53 crore (previous year : ₹ 10.77 crore)

21. Other income

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Interest Income		
From bank	1.24	7.97
Others	0.03	-
Other non-operating income		
Gain on sale of current investments (net)	0.32	0.00
Unwinding of discount on financial instruments	0.08	0.09
Foreign exchange restatement gain	-	26.91
Delayed payment surcharge	9.45	0.31
Others	8.25	1.60
Total	19.37	36.88

22. Cost of Fuel

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Consumption of coal		
Quantity in tonnes	20,66,987	14,59,916
Value	704.21	508.63
Consumption of oil		
Quantity in kilolitres	752	789
Value	3.77	3.48
Total	707.98	512.11

Cost of fuel includes freight ₹ 200.71 crore (March 31, 2018 : ₹ 191.18 crore)

Cost of fuel includes Gain of ₹ 0.99 crore (March 31, 2018 : ₹ Nil) due to exchange fluctuations.

23. Employee benefit expenses

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Salaries and bonus	22.03	21.48
Contribution to provident and other funds	1.85	2.08
Staff welfare expenses	1.04	0.92
Sub Total	24.92	24.48
Less : Transfer to other comprehensive income	0.50	0.32
Total	24.42	24.16

24. Finance costs

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Interest expense	340.98	307.65
Other borrowing costs	17.34	15.84
Total	358.32	323.49



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

25. Depreciation and amortisation expenses

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	100.85	104.20
Total	100.85	104.20

26. Other expenses

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Consumption of stores and spares	16.36	9.90
Repairs		
- Plant and machinery	33.36	29.08
- Others	3.52	1.95
Rent	0.43	0.41
Power and fuel	1.71	1.88
Transmission charges	0.29	0.08
Legal and professional charges	7.08	3.25
Insurance charges	4.80	6.43
Remuneration to auditors		
- As Statutory auditor	0.04	0.04
- As Tax auditor	0.01	0.01
- Others	0.01	0.01
Miscellaneous expenses	14.88	15.11
Mark To market loss on derivative	-	62.61
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (net)	0.01	0.01
Total	82.50	130.77

27. Earnings per share (EPS)

Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
Face value of equity shares	10	10
Profit After Tax (₹ in Crore)	(92.70)	(198.58)
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	20845,22,379	16914,29,228
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share (₹)	(0.44)	(1.17)



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

28. Employee Benefits

a) Defined Benefit Plan

The Company also provides for gratuity and leave encashment benefit to the employees. Annual actuarial valuations at the end of each year are carried out by independent actuary in compliance with Ind As 19 on "Employee Benefits".

b) The results of the actuarial study for the obligation for employee benefits as computed by the actuary are shown below:

(₹ in crore)

Actuarial study analysis	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Principal actuarial assumptions				
Discount rate	7.49%	7.55%	7.49%	7.55%
Range of compensation increase	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition rate (per thousand)				
Age upto 40 years	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20
Age 40 years and above	-	-	-	-
Early retirement and disability rate (per thousand)				
40-54 years	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
55-57 years	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
Components of statement of income statement charge				
Current service cost	0.24	0.24	0.21	0.25
Interest cost	0.11	0.08	0.14	0.12
Past service cost	-	0.41	-	-
Total charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss	0.35	0.73	0.35	0.37
Movements in net liability/(asset)				
Net liability at the beginning of the year	1.97	1.10	2.05	1.68
Employer contributions	(0.97)	(0.05)	(0.38)	(0.14)
Total expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss	0.35	0.73	0.44	0.37
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	0.50	0.19	-	0.14
Net liability at the end of the year	1.85	1.97	2.11	2.05
Reconciliation of benefit obligations				
Obligation at start of the year	1.97	1.10	2.05	1.68
Current service cost	0.24	0.24	0.21	0.25
Interest cost	0.11	0.08	0.14	0.12
Past service cost	-	0.41	-	-
Benefits paid directly by the Company	(0.97)	(0.05)	(0.38)	(0.14)
Actuarial loss	0.50	0.19	0.09	0.14
Defined benefits obligations at the end of the year	1.85	1.97	2.11	2.05
Re-measurements of defined benefit plans				
Actuarial (gain)/loss due to changes in financial assumptions	0.01	(0.05)	-	(0.07)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on account of experience adjustments	0.49	0.24	-	0.20
Total actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in other comprehensive income	0.50	0.19	-	0.13

c) Sensitivity analysis of significant assumptions

The following table present a sensitivity analysis to one of the relevant actuarial assumption, holding other assumptions constant, showing how the defined benefit obligation would have been affected by changes in the relevant actuarial assumptions that were reasonably possible at the reporting date.

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Discount rate				
+ 1% discount rate	1.67	1.81	1.88	1.84
- 1% discount rate	2.10	2.17	2.38	2.27
Salary increase				
+ 1% salary growth	2.10	2.17	2.39	2.27
- 1% salary growth	1.66	1.81	1.87	1.84
Withdrawal rate				
+ 50% withdrawal rate	1.87	1.98	2.12	2.04
- 50% withdrawal rate	1.86	1.97	2.10	2.03
Mortality increase				
+ 10% mortality rate	1.86	1.98	2.11	2.04
- 10% mortality rate	1.86	1.97	2.11	2.03



Dharwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dharwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

d) Risk exposure

The Company is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

Discount Rate risk: The Company is exposed to the risk of fall in discount rate. A fall in discount rate will eventually increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit thereby increasing the value of the liability

Future Salary Increase Risk: The Scheme cost is very sensitive to the assumed future salary escalation rates for all final salary defined benefit Schemes. If actual future salary escalations are higher than that assumed in the valuation actual Scheme cost and hence the value of the liability will be higher than that estimated.

Demographic Risk: In the valuation of the liability certain demographic (mortality and attrition rates) assumptions are made. The Company is exposed to this risk to the extent of actual experience eventually being worse compared to the assumptions thereby causing an increase in the scheme cost.

Regulatory Risk: New Act/Regulations may come up in future which could increase the liability significantly in case of Leave obligation. Gratuity Benefit must comply with the requirements of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (as amended up-to-date).

e) Defined benefit liability

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation for leave encashment is 14.71 years (March 31, 2018 - 13.68 years) and for gratuity is 11.15 years (March 31, 2018 - 8.15 years). The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted gratuity and leave encashment is as follows:

Particulars	Upto 1 year	Between 2 - 5 years	Between 6 - 10 years	Over 10 years	Total
March 31, 2019					
Gratuity	0.53	0.13	0.23	4.76	5.65
Leave Encashment	0.50	0.20	0.27	5.55	6.52
March 31, 2018					
Gratuity	0.96	0.07	0.13	4.10	5.26
Leave Encashment	0.75	0.12	0.17	4.96	6.00

The estimates of future salary increase considered in actuarial valuation takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

Details of plan assets

The Scheme is unfunded.

Defined contribution plan

The Company maintains a Provident Fund with the Regional Provident Fund authorities where contributions are made by the Company as well as by the employees. An amount of ₹ 1.00 crore (March 31, 2018 ₹ 1.02 crore) has been charged off to Statement of Profit and Loss.



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited

CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457

Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754

E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in

Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

29. Income tax expense

The major components of Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) based on the temporary difference as at March 31, 2019 are as under:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Liabilities		
Excess of tax depreciation over book depreciation	(752.26)	(725.15)
Others	(11.41)	(12.18)
Total	(763.67)	(737.33)
Assets		
Unabsorbed tax losses/ depreciation	1,525.05	1,322.12
Items covered under section 43B	0.74	0.70
Others	0.65	7.38
Total	1,526.44	1,330.20
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	762.77	592.87

In view of losses, net deferred tax asset of ₹ 762.77 crore (March 31, 2018 : ₹ 592.87 crore) as above has not been recognised. Further, as the tax expense is NIL, no tax reconciliation has been furnished.



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited

CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457

Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754

E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in

Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001**Notes forming part of Financial Statements****30. Contingent liabilities and commitments**

a. Commitments of the Company on account of estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for amounting to ₹ 2.08 crore (March 31, 2018 : ₹ 0.12 Crore).

b. An Appeal under the Electricity Act, 2003 has been filed before the Hon'ble Appellate Tribunal for Electricity (APTEL) by two Appellants against the Hon'ble Uttar Pradesh Electricity Regulatory Commission's Order dated April 20, 2016, wherein the Hon'ble UPERC has approved the Power Purchase Agreement between the Company and Noida Power Company Limited for supply of 170 MW power for a period of 25 years. Filing of pleadings are complete and the matter is likely to be listed before APTEL on 2nd July 2019 and as such financial impact, if any, cannot be ascertained at this stage.

c. The Company has given bank guarantee of ₹ 163.33 crore (31.03.2018: ₹ 168.80 crore) for procurement of coal, sale of power, security deposit and other financial obligations, etc. which is outstanding as on the reporting date.

31. Quantitative information

Particulars	Million kWh	
	2018-19	2017-18
Total number of units generated during the year	3,229	2,393
Total number of units consumed in generating stations *	264	192
Total number of units sent out	2,965	2,205
Total number of units through deviation settlement mechanism (net)	9	6
Total number of units delivered	2,956	2,199

* Units consumed include energy drawal of 0.71 Million kWh (March 31, 2018 : 3.60 Million kWh) from grid.

32. Segment reporting:

Based on the "management approach" as defined by Ind AS 108, the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators.

The Company is engaged in generation of electricity and does not operate in any other reportable segments. There are no reportable geographical segments, since all business are carried out in India.

Three customers, each individually accounting for more than 10 percent of the Company's total revenue during the year, reported revenues of ₹ 498.96 crore (March 31, 2018 : ₹ 467.37 crore), ₹ 336.33 crore (March 31, 2018 : ₹ 305.83 crore) and ₹ 213.22 crore (March 31, 2018 : ₹ NIL) respectively.



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
 CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
 Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
 E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
 Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

33. Related party transaction

a) Parent entities

Name	Relationship	Place of incorporation	Ownership interest	
			As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
CESC Limited (with effect from 1st Oct, 2017)	Parent Company	India	100%	100%
CESC Limited (till 30th Sep, 2017)	Ultimate Parent Company	India	-	-
CESC Infrastructure Limited (upto 30th Sep, 2017)	Parent Company	India	-	-

b) Fellow subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures

Name	Relationship
Haldia Energy Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Bharatpur Electricity Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Jharkhand Electric Company Limited	Fellow Subsidiary
Noida Power Company Limited	Associate
RPG Power Trading Company Limited	Common Control
CESC Ventures Limited	Common Control

c) Key Management Personnel

Name	Relationship
Mr. Rabi Chowdhury (till 22nd May, 2018)	Managing Director
Mr. Goutam Ghosal (with effect from 9th June, 2018)	Whole Time Director

d) Transactions with related parties

Nature of Transactions	Parent Company		Entities under Common Control		Key Management Personnel	
	2018-19	2017-18	2018-19	2017-18	2018-19	2017-18
Issue of fully paid up equity shares	160.00	807.00	-	-	-	-
Advance received	-	-	335.00	-	-	-
Income from sale/services	0.47	-	506.73	471.80	-	-
Expenses recoverable	-	-	29.01	4.28	-	-
Expenses payable	0.04	14.28	3.48	0.07	-	-
Remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel	-	-	-	-	0.96	0.61
Balance Outstanding						
Debit	-	-	-	53.14	-	-
Credit	0.03	174.28	208.06	-	-	-

(₹ in crore)



Notes forming part of Financial Statements

(₹ in crore)

34. Financial instruments

a) The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at the end of the year are as follows:

	As at March 31, 2019			As at March 31, 2018		
	Amortized cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Amortized cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL
Financial assets						
Security deposits	7.06	-	-	5.29	-	-
Loans to employees	0.51	-	-	0.67	-	-
Trade receivables	396.54	-	-	227.32	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	13.35	-	-	14.05	-	-
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	9.41	-	-	7.58	-	-
Other financial assets	7.76	-	-	0.91	-	-
Total	434.63	-	-	255.82	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	3,384.69	-	-	3,415.22	-	-
Trade payables	55.99	-	-	44.47	-	-
Payable to fellow subsidiary company	335.00	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	7.50	-	-	3.64	-	-
Total	3,783.18	-	-	3,463.33	-	-

b) The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values.

- 1) The carrying amount of trade receivables, trade payables, receivable towards claims and services rendered, other bank balances, interest accrued payable/receivable, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short term nature.
- 2) Loans including security deposits, non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate.
- 3) Fair value of financial instruments which is determined on the basis of discounted cash flow analysis, considering the nature, risk profile and other qualitative factors. The carrying amounts will be reasonable approximation of the fair value.



Dhariwal Infrastructure Limited
CIN: U70109WB2006PLC111457
Telephone: +91 33 6634 0754
E-mail: dhariwalinfrastructure@rp-sg.in
Registered Office: CESC House, Chowringhee Square, Kolkata - 700001

Notes forming part of Financial Statements

35. Financial risk management and Capital management

The Company's operations of generation of electricity are governed by the provisions of the Electricity Act 2003 and Regulations framed thereunder. The operations of its customer(s) are also guided by the Electricity Act, 2003 and the regulations framed thereunder.

The Company has been managing the operations keeping in view its profitability and liquidity in terms of above regulations. In order to manage credit risk the Company periodically conducts review of the financial conditions of its customers, current economic trends and analysis of accounts receivables. Credit risk towards Investment of surplus funds is managed by obtaining support of credit rating and appraisal by external agencies and lending bodies.

The Company manages its liquidity risk on financial liabilities by maintaining healthy working capital and liquid fund position keeping in view the maturity profile of its borrowings and other liabilities as disclosed in the respective notes.

The Company's market risk relating to variation of interest rate is mitigated through regular discussions with the financing agencies and analysis of market trends.

While managing the capital, the Company ensures to take adequate precaution for providing returns to the shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders, including protecting and strengthening the balance sheet.

36. The installed capacity of the Generating Stations of the Company as on March 31, 2019 was 600000 kW (March 31, 2018 : 600000 kW).

37. Previous year figures have been re-classified/regrouped wherever necessary.

For Batliboi, Purohit & Darbari
Firm Registration Number: 303086E
Chartered Accountants



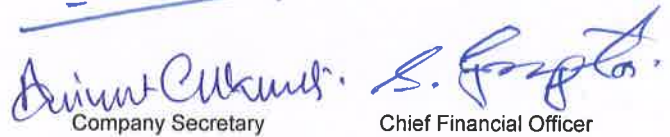
CA P.J. Bhide
Partner
Membership No.: 004714
Place: Kolkata
Date: May 17, 2019



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



Director Whole Time Director



Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer